

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR(S)



## **TERMS AND DEFINITIONS**

For the purposes of this Code terms and definitions set out below have the following meaning:

**Independent Director** - a member of the Board of Directors (Supervisory Board) of a public company, matching the criteria of independence set out in this Code.

**Company** - a public joint stock company, where an Independent Director is a member of the Board of Directors (Supervisory Board)

**Board of Directors** - the Board of Directors (Supervisory Board), where an Independent Director serves.

**Code** - the present Independent Director Code.

**Stakeholders** – parties, involved in corporate relations, other than owners (shareholders), the management and the Board of Directors: employees, suppliers, consumers, the State, the community.



## GENERAL

This Code is a professional conduct guideline for independent directors in Network Limited. Adherence to those standards by Independent Directors and fulfillment of their responsibilities in a professional and faithful manner promotes confidence in the institution of Independent Directors on behalf of the investment community and companies.

Implementation of best corporate governance practices by Independent Directors in Boards of Directors (Supervisory Boards) of Network enhances the company management efficiency, improves its image and contributes to the overall growth of the company's shareholder value.

This Code is drafted as per the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder it.

This Code is a live document intended to be improved and amended as the Independent Directors practice is evolving.

The Code is recommended to all independent directors working in Network Limited.

Compliance with this Code is compulsory for all Association members carrying out the functions of an independent director in Boards of Directors of Network Limited.



## **SECTION 149(6). DEFINITION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR**

An independent director in relation to a company, means a director other than a managing director or a whole-time director or a nominee director,—

(a) who, in the opinion of the Board, is a person of integrity and possesses relevant expertise and experience;

(b) (i) who is or was not a promoter of the company or its holding, subsidiary or associate company;

(ii) who is not related to promoters or directors in the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company;

(c) who has or had no pecuniary relationship with the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company, or their promoters, or directors, during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;

(d) none of whose relatives has or had pecuniary relationship or transaction with the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company, or their promoters, or directors, amounting to two per cent. or more of its gross turnover or total income or fifty lakh rupees or such higher amount as may be prescribed, whichever is lower, during the two immediately preceding financial years or during the current financial year;

(e) who, neither himself nor any of his relatives—

(i) holds or has held the position of a key managerial personnel or is or has been employee of the company or its holding, subsidiary or associate company in any of the three financial years immediately preceding the financial year in which he is proposed to be appointed;

(ii) is or has been an employee or proprietor or a partner, in any of the three financial years immediately preceding the financial year in which he is proposed to be appointed, of—

(A) a firm of auditors or company secretaries in practice or cost auditors of the company or its holding, subsidiary or associate company; or

(B) any legal or a consulting firm that has or had any transaction with the company, its holding, subsidiary or associate company amounting to ten per cent. or more of the gross turnover of such firm;

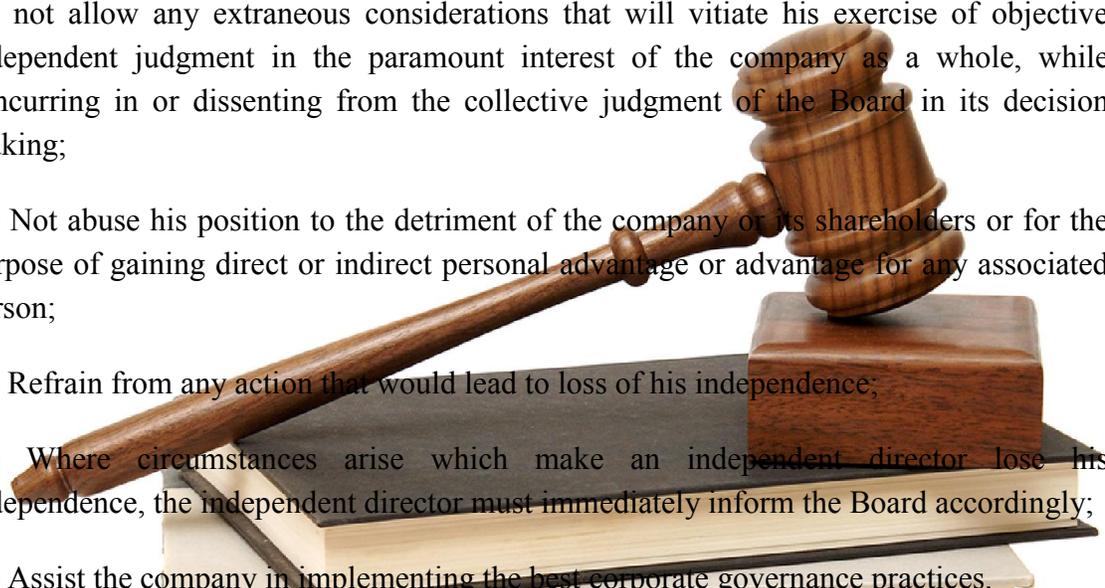
(iii) holds together with his relatives two per cent. or more of the total voting power of the company; or

(iv) is a chief executive or director, by whatever name is called, of any non-profit organisation that receives twenty-five per cent or more of its receipt from the Company, any of its promoters, directors or its holding, subsidiary or associate Company or that holds two per cent or more of the total voting power of the Company; or

(f) who possesses such other qualifications as may be prescribed.

**SECTION 149(8) READ WITH SHCHEDULE IV****A. Guidelines of Professional conduct:**

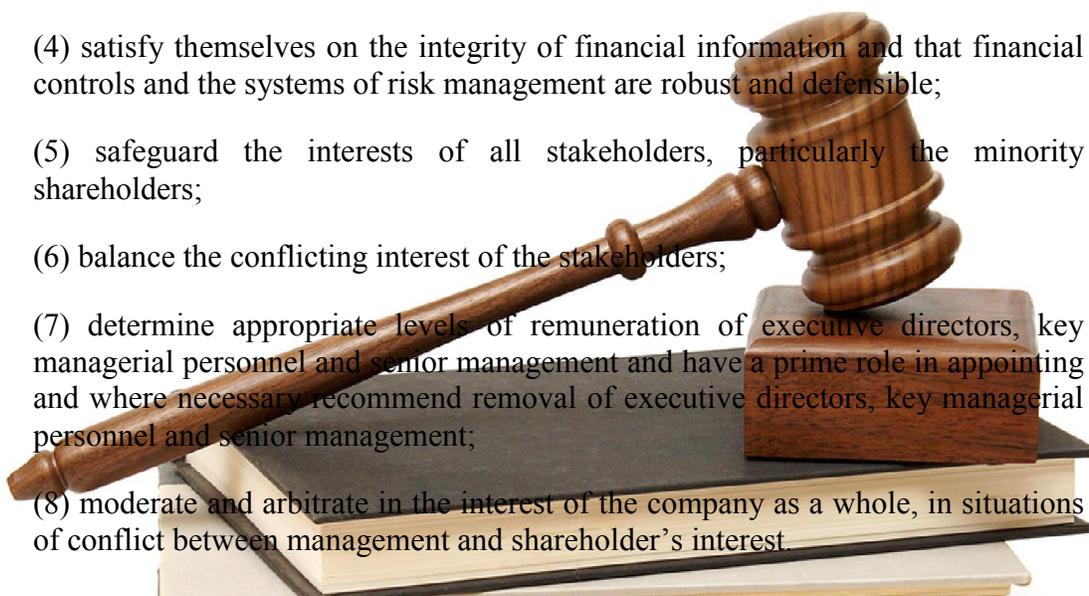
An independent director shall:

- (1) Uphold ethical standards of integrity and probity;
  - (2) act objectively and constructively while exercising his duties;
  - (3) exercise his responsibilities in a *bona fide* manner in the interest of the company;
  - (4) Devote sufficient time and attention to his professional obligations for informed and balanced decision making;
  - (5) not allow any extraneous considerations that will vitiate his exercise of objective independent judgment in the paramount interest of the company as a whole, while concurring in or dissenting from the collective judgment of the Board in its decision making;
  - (6) Not abuse his position to the detriment of the company or its shareholders or for the purpose of gaining direct or indirect personal advantage or advantage for any associated person;
  - (7) Refrain from any action that would lead to loss of his independence;
  - (8) Where circumstances arise which make an independent director lose his independence, the independent director must immediately inform the Board accordingly;
  - (9) Assist the company in implementing the best corporate governance practices.
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## **B. Role and Functions:**

The independent directors shall:

- (1) help in bringing an independent judgment to bear on the Board's deliberations especially on issues of strategy, performance, risk management, resources, key appointments and standards of conduct;
- (2) bring an objective view in the evaluation of the performance of board and management;
- (3) scrutinise the performance of management in meeting agreed goals and objectives and monitor the reporting of performance;
- (4) satisfy themselves on the integrity of financial information and that financial controls and the systems of risk management are robust and defensible;
- (5) safeguard the interests of all stakeholders, particularly the minority shareholders;
- (6) balance the conflicting interest of the stakeholders;
- (7) determine appropriate levels of remuneration of executive directors, key managerial personnel and senior management and have a prime role in appointing and where necessary recommend removal of executive directors, key managerial personnel and senior management;
- (8) moderate and arbitrate in the interest of the company as a whole, in situations of conflict between management and shareholder's interest.



## **C. Duties:**

The independent directors shall—

- (1) undertake appropriate induction and regularly update and refresh their skills, knowledge and familiarity with the company;
- (2) seek appropriate clarification or amplification of information and, where necessary, take and follow appropriate professional advice and opinion of outside experts at the expense of the company;
- (3) strive to attend all meetings of the Board of Directors and of the Board committees of which he is a member;

(4) participate constructively and actively in the committees of the Board in which they are chairpersons or members;

(5) strive to attend the general meetings of the company;

(6) where they have concerns about the running of the company or a proposed action, ensure that these are addressed by the Board and, to the extent that they are not resolved, insist that their concerns are recorded in the minutes of the Board meeting;

(7) keep themselves well informed about the company and the external environment in which it operates;

(8) not to unfairly obstruct the functioning of an otherwise proper Board or committee of the Board;

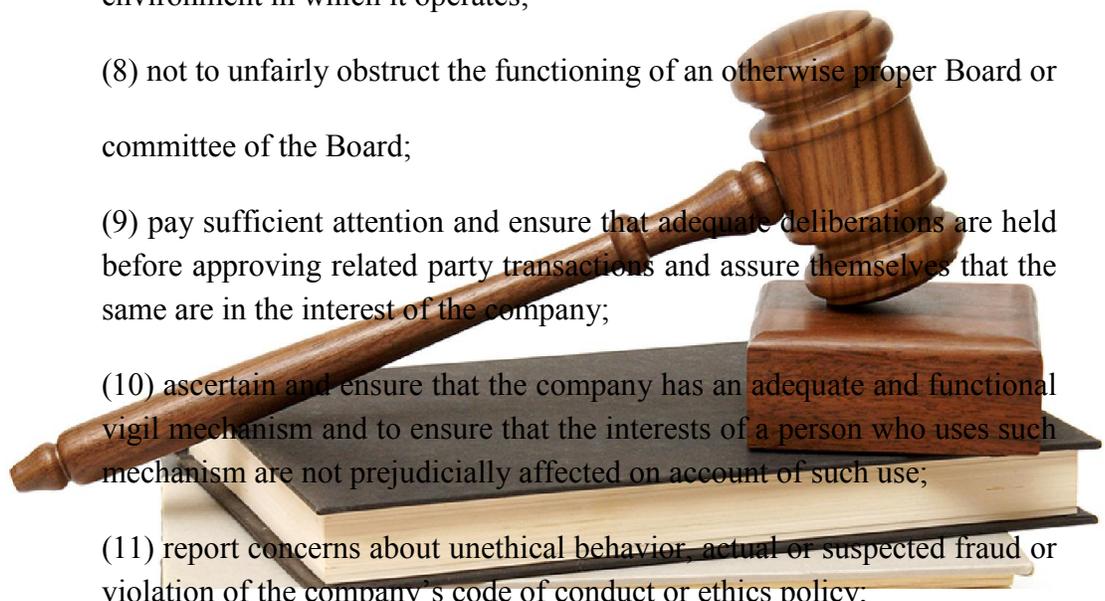
(9) pay sufficient attention and ensure that adequate deliberations are held before approving related party transactions and assure themselves that the same are in the interest of the company;

(10) ascertain and ensure that the company has an adequate and functional vigil mechanism and to ensure that the interests of a person who uses such mechanism are not prejudicially affected on account of such use;

(11) report concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the company's code of conduct or ethics policy;

(12) acting within his authority, assist in protecting the legitimate interests of the company, shareholders and its employees;

(13) not disclose confidential information, including commercial secrets, technologies, advertising and sales promotion plans, unpublished price sensitive information, unless such disclosure is expressly approved by the Board or required by law.



## **D. Manner of Appointment**

(1) Appointment process of independent directors shall be independent of the company management; while selecting independent directors the Board shall ensure that there is appropriate balance of skills, experience and knowledge in the Board so as to enable the Board to discharge its functions and duties effectively.

(2) The appointment of independent director(s) of the company shall be approved at the meeting of the shareholders.

(3) The explanatory statement attached to the notice of the meeting for approving the appointment of independent director shall include a statement that in the opinion of the Board, the independent director proposed to be appointed fulfils the conditions specified in the Act and the rules made there under and that the proposed director is independent of the management.

(4) The appointment of independent directors shall be formalised through a letter of appointment, which shall set out:

(a) the term of appointment;

(b) the expectation of the Board from the appointed director; the Board-level committee(s) in which the director is expected to serve and its tasks;

(c) the fiduciary duties that come with such an appointment along with accompanying liabilities,

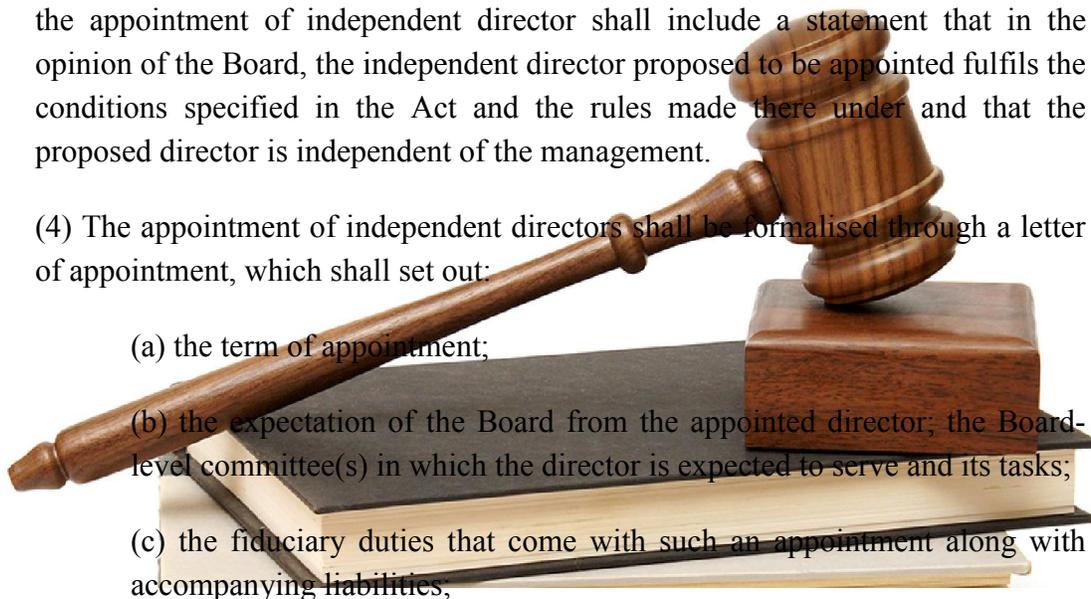
(d) provision for Directors and Officers (D and O) insurance, if any;

(e) the Code of Business Ethics that the company expects its directors and employees to follow;

(f) the list of actions that a director should not do while functioning as such in the company; and

(g) the remuneration, mentioning periodic fees, reimbursement of expenses for participation in the Boards and other meetings and profit related commission, if any.

(5) The terms and conditions of appointment of independent directors shall be open for inspection at the registered office of the company by any member during normal business hours.



(6) The terms and conditions of appointment of independent directors shall also be posted on the company's website.

### **E. Re-appointment:**

The re-appointment of independent director shall be on the basis of report of performance evaluation.

### **F. Resignation or removal:**

(1) The resignation or removal of an independent director shall be in the same manner as is provided in sections 168 and 169 of the Act.

(2) An independent director who resigns or is removed from the Board of the company shall be replaced by a new independent director within a period of not more than one hundred and eighty days from the date of such resignation or removal, as the case may be.

(3) Where the company fulfils the requirement of independent directors in its Board even without filling the vacancy created by such resignation or removal, as the case may be, the requirement of replacement by a new independent director shall not apply.

### **G. Separate Meeting:**

(1) The independent directors of the company shall hold at least one meeting in a year, without the attendance of non-independent directors and members of management;

(2) All the independent directors of the company shall strive to be present at such meeting;

(3) The meeting shall:

(a) Review the performance of non-independent directors and the Board as a whole;

- (b) Review the performance of the Chairperson of the company, taking into account the views of executive directors and non-executive directors;
- (c) Assess the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the company management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

## **H. Evaluation Mechanism:**

- (1) The performance evaluation of independent directors shall be done by the entire Board of Directors, excluding the director being evaluated.
- (2) On the basis of the report of performance evaluation, it shall be determined whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director.

